



Influence of plant growth regulators and their application methods on yield and quality of onion (*Allium cepa* L.)

M.J. PATEL, H.C. PATEL AND J.C. CHAVDA

See end of the article for authors' affiliations

Correspondence to:

M.J. PATEL

Department of Horticulture, B.A. College of Agriculture, Anand Agricultural University, ANAND (GUJARAT) INDIA

ABSTRACT

The field experiment was carried out during *Rabi* seasons for the years 2007-08 and 2008-09 in sandy loam soil at Horticultural Research Farm, Department of Horticulture, B. A. College of Agriculture, Anand Agricultural University, Anand in Randomized Block Design with three replications. The growth regulators GA₃ and NAA each @ 50, 100 and 150 mg/l were tried as root dipping, foliar spray as well as their combinations and compared with control. The application of GA₃ 50 mg/l as root dipping + foliar spray significantly increased volume of bulb, equatorial and polar diameter of bulb as well as bulb yield, while average weight of bulb was significantly increased in GA₃ 100 mg/l as root dipping + foliar spray. The other characters *viz.*, number of leaves per plant, TSS and dry matter content of bulb were found non-significant. The physiological loss of weight, spoilage loss and finally total loss were significantly reduced under NAA 100 mg/l as root dipping treatment when compared to control.

Patel, M.J., Patel, H.C. and Chavda, J.C. (2010). Influence of plant growth regulators and their application methods on yield and quality of onion (*Allium cepa* L.), *Asian J. Hort.*, 5 (2) : 263-265.

Key words : Onion, Plant growth regulator, Application method

Onion (*Allium cepa* L.) is one of the most important bulbous vegetable crop of India grown in an area of 0.45 million hectares with a production of 6.03 million tonnes (Anonymous, 2006). It is used as salad, cooked in various ways of fried, boiled, soup making, sauces and pickles. Now-a-days white onion is also widely used in dehydrated powder form and has several medicinal properties. There is a great demand in the international market and it becomes one of the major sources of foreign exchange. India exports annually 5 lakhs metric tonnes onion and earns Rs. 276.21 crores (Veere Gowda *et al.*, 2002). Plant growth regulators have given favourable impact on growth, yield and quality of onion (Singh *et al.*, 1992 and Singh *et al.*, 2003). However, their use in crop like onion was not realized on commercial basis. Therefore, present study was under taken to study the influence of plant growth regulators and their application methods on yield and quality of onion.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The experiment was conducted at Horticultural Research Farm, Department of Horticulture, B. A. College of Agriculture, Anand Agricultural University, Anand during *Rabi* season of the years 2007-08 and 2008-09 in

Treatment details		
Treatment	Treatment details	Treatment code
T ₁	GA ₃ 50 mg/l as root dip	G ₁ M ₁
T ₂	GA ₃ 50 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₁ M ₂
T ₃	GA ₃ 50 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₁ M ₃
T ₄	GA ₃ 100 mg/l as root dip	G ₂ M ₁
T ₅	GA ₃ 100 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₂ M ₂
T ₆	GA ₃ 100 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₂ M ₃
T ₇	GA ₃ 150 mg/l as root dip	G ₃ M ₁
T ₈	GA ₃ 150 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₃ M ₂
T ₉	GA ₃ 150 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₃ M ₃
T ₁₀	NAA 50 mg/l as root dip	G ₄ M ₁
T ₁₁	NAA 50 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₄ M ₂
T ₁₂	NAA 50 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₄ M ₃
T ₁₃	NAA 100 mg/l as root dip	G ₅ M ₁
T ₁₄	NAA 100 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₅ M ₂
T ₁₅	NAA 100 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₅ M ₃
T ₁₆	NAA 150 mg/l as root dip	G ₆ M ₁
T ₁₇	NAA 150 mg/l as foliar spray	G ₆ M ₂
T ₁₈	NAA 150 mg/l as root dip + foliar spray	G ₆ M ₃
T ₁₉	Absolute control	Ctrl